

1.5MHz 1.2A Synchronous Step-Down Regulator

Features

- High Efficiency: Up to 96%
- 2.5V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- 1.5MHz Constant Frequency Operation
- No Schottky Diode Required
- Low Dropout Operation: 100% Duty Cycle
- PFM Mode for High Efficiency in Light Load
- Over Temperature Protected
- Low Quiescent Current: 40 μ A
- Short Circuit Protection
- Inrush Current Limit and Soft Start
- Up to 1.2A Current Output
- SOT23-5 package

Applications

- Cellular and Smart Phones
- Wireless and DSL Modems
- PDAs
- Portable Instruments
- Digital Still and Video Cameras
- PC Cards

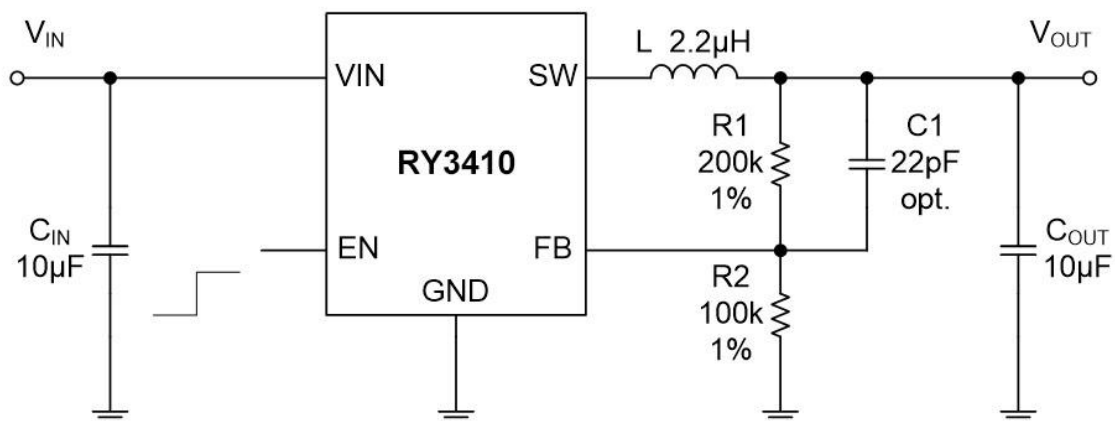
General Description

The RY3410 is a high-efficiency monolithic synchronous buck regulator using a constant frequency, current mode architecture. The device is available in an adjustable version. Supply current with no load is 40 μ A and drops to <1 μ A in shutdown. The 2.5V to 5.5V input voltage range makes the RY3410 ideally suited for single Li-Ion battery powered applications. 100% duty cycle provides low dropout operation, extending battery life in portable systems. PWM/PFM mode operation provides very low output ripple voltage for noise sensitive applications.

Switching frequency is internally set at 1.5MHz, allowing the use of small surface mount inductors and capacitors. Low output voltages are easily supported with the 0.6V feedback reference voltage.

The RY3410 is offered in a low profile (1mm) 5-pin, thin SOT package, and is available in an adjustable version.

Typical Application Circuit



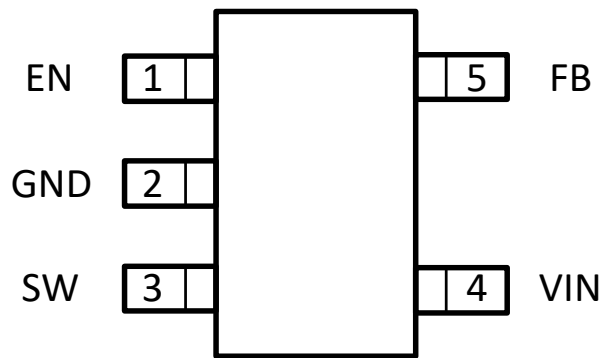
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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Input Supply Voltage -0.3V to 6.0V EN,
 FB Voltages..... -0.3V to 6.0V
 SW Voltage..... -0.3V to (Vin+0.3V) Peak
 SW Sink and Source Current 2A

Operating Temperature Range -40°C to +85°C
 Junction Temperature(Note2) 125°C
 Storage Temperature Range -65°C to 150°C
 Lead Temperature(Soldering,10s)..... +300°C

Package and Pin Description



(SOT23-5)

Pin Description

Pin	Name	Function
1	EN	Chip Enable Pin. Drive EN above 1.5V to turn on the part. Drive EN below 0.3V to turn it off. Do not leave EN floating.
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	SW	Power Switch Output. It is the switch node connection to Inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal P-ch and N-ch MOSFET switches.
4	VIN	Power Supply Input. Must be closely decoupled to GND with a 10μF or greater ceramic capacitor.
5	FB	Output Voltage Feedback Pin. An internal resistive divider divides the output voltage down for comparison to the internal reference voltage.

Order Information

Part No.	Model	Description	Package	MOQ
70301001	RY3410	RY3410 Buck, 2.5-5.5V, 1.2A, 1.5MHz, SOT23-5	SOT23-5	3000PCS

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Electrical Characteristics (Note 3)

($V_{IN}=V_{EN}=3.6V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range		2.5		5.5	V
UVLO Threshold			2.4		V
Input DC Supply Current	FB = 90%, $I_{load}=0mA$		150	300	μA
	FB= 105%, $I_{load}=0mA$		40	70	μA
	$V_{EN} = 0V$, $V_{IN}=4.2V$		0.1	1.0	μA
Regulated Feedback Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	0.588	0.600	0.612	V
Reference Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{in} = 2.5V$ to $6.0V$		0.04	0.40	%/V
Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to $6.0V$		0.04	0.4	%
Output Voltage Load Regulation			0.5		%
Oscillation Frequency			1.5		MHz
On Resistance of PMOS	$I_{SW}=100mA$		0.3		Ω
ON Resistance of NMOS	$I_{SW}=-100mA$		0.2		Ω
Peak Current Limit	$V_{IN}= 3.6V$, FB=90%	1.2			A
EN Threshold		0.30	1.0	1.50	V
EN Leakage Current			± 0.01	± 1.0	μA
SW Leakage Current	$V_{EN}=0V, V_{IN}=V_{SW}=5V$		± 0.01	± 1.0	μA
Thermal Shutdown			160		$^{\circ}C$

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

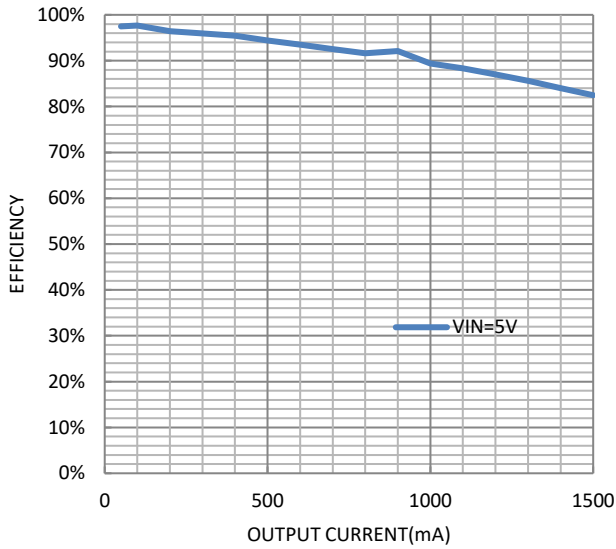
Note 2: T_J is calculated from the ambient temperature T_A and power dissipation P_D according to the following formula: $T_J = T_A + (P_D) \times (250^{\circ}C/W)$.

Note3: 100% production test at $+25^{\circ}C$. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

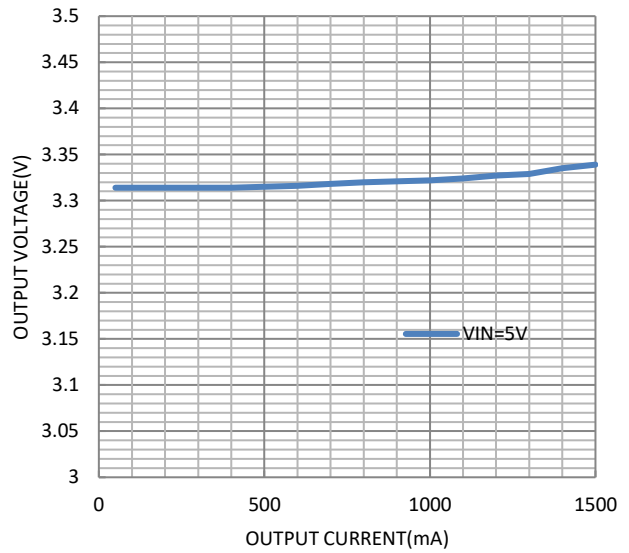
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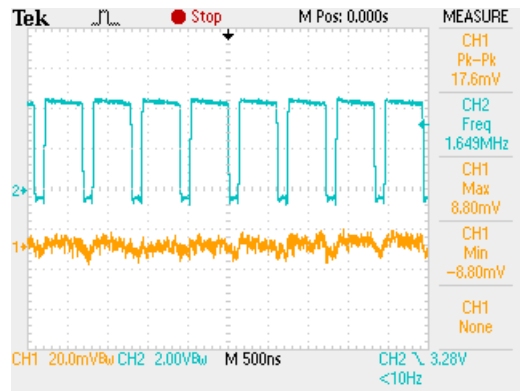
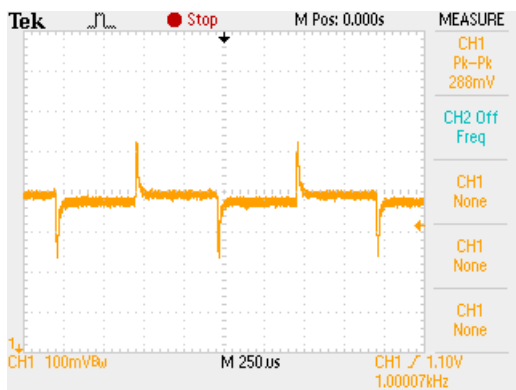
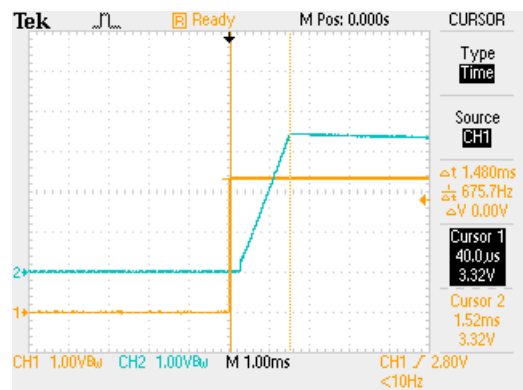
Typical Performance Characteristics

EFFICIENCY VS OUTPUT CURRENT (VOUT=3.3V)



OUTPUT VOLTAGE VS OUTPUT CURRENT (VOUT=3.3V)


 STEADY STATE OPERATION
(VIN=5V, VOUT=3.3V, IOUT=100mA)

 STEADY STATE OPERATION
(VIN=5V, VOUT=3.3V, IOUT=1500mA)

 LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE
(VIN=5V, VOUT=3.3V, IOUT=500-1500mA, 1A/uS)

 STRAT UP
(VIN=5V, VOUT=3.3V)


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Applications Information

Setting the Output Voltage

In the adjustable version, the output voltage is set by a resistive divider according to the following formula:

$$R_2 = \frac{R_1}{V_{OUT} / V_{FB} - 1}$$

The external resistive divider is connected to the output, allowing remote voltage sensing as shown in on page 1.

Inductor Selection

For most designs, the RY3410 operates with inductors of 1μH to 4.7μH. Low inductance values are physically smaller but require faster switching, which results in some efficiency loss. The inductor value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times \Delta I_L \times f_{OSC}}$$

Where ΔI_L is inductor Ripple Current. Large value inductors result in lower ripple current and small value inductors result in high ripple current. For optimum voltage-positioning load transients, choose an inductor with DC series resistance in the 50mΩ to 150mΩ range.

Input Capacitor Selection

Higher values, lower cost ceramic capacitors are now becoming available in smaller case sizes. Their high ripple current, high voltage rating and low ESR make them ideal for switching regulator applications. Because the RY3410's control loop does not depend on the output capacitor's ESR for stable operation, ceramic capacitors can be used freely to achieve very low output ripple and small circuit size. However, care must be taken when ceramic capacitors are used at the input and the output. When a ceramic capacitor is used at the input and the power is supplied by a wall adapter through long wires, a load step at the output can induce ringing at the input, VIN. At best, this ringing can couple to the output and be mistaken as loop instability. At worst, a sudden inrush of current through the long wires can potentially cause a voltage spike at VIN, large enough to damage the part. When choosing the input and output ceramic capacitors, choose the X5R or X7R dielectric formulations. These dielectrics have the best temperature and voltage characteristics of all the ceramics for a given value and size.

PC Board Layout Checklist

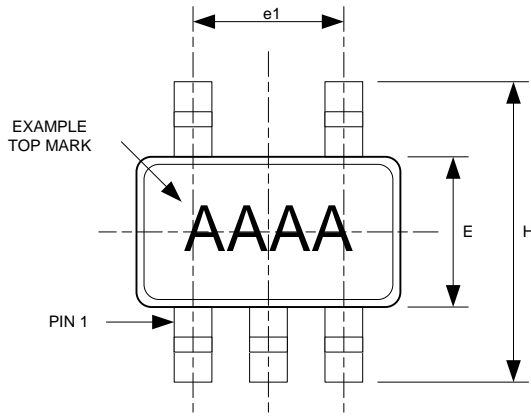
When laying out the printed circuit board, the following checking should be used to ensure proper operation of the RY3410. Check the following in your layout:

1. The power traces, consisting of the GND trace, the SW trace and the VIN trace should be kept short, direct and wide.
2. Does the (+) plates of Cin connect to Vin as closely as possible? This capacitor provides the AC current to the internal power MOSFETs.
3. Keep the switching node, SW, away from the sensitive VOUT node.
4. Keep the (-) plates of Cin and Cout as close as possible

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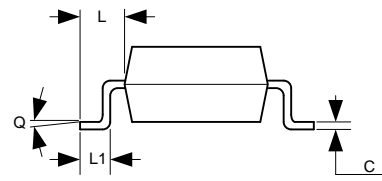
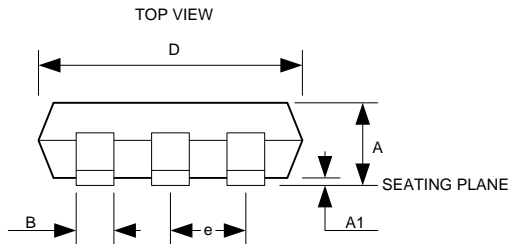
Package Description

SOT23-5



5LD SOT-23 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimension	Min.	Max.
A	1.05	1.35
A1	0.04	0.15
B	0.3	0.5
C	0.09	0.2
D	2.8	3.0
H	2.5	3.1
E	1.5	1.7
e	0.95 REF.	
e1	1.90 REF.	
L1	0.2	0.55
L	0.35	0.8
Q	0°	10°



FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

- NOTE:
- 1.DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
 - 2.DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
 - 3.DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING
 - 4.DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR