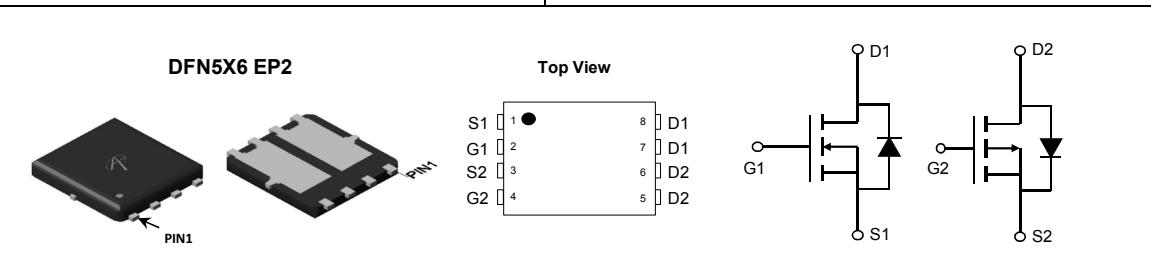


General Description		Product Summary	
• Trench Power MOSFET technology		<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>
• Low $R_{DS(ON)}$		30V	-30V
• Low Gate Charge		16A	-16A
• Excellent Thermal Performance		< 14mΩ	< 22mΩ
• RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant		< 18mΩ	< 35mΩ
Applications		100% UIS Tested	
• Pch+Nch Complementary MOSFET for DC-FAN		100% R_g Tested	



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AON6661	DFN 5x6	Tape & Reel	3000

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max Q1	Max Q2	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^C	I_D	16	-16	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		16	-12.5	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	50	-65	
Continuous Drain Current ^C	I_{DSM}	13	11	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		10	-8.5	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}	22	-27	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ ^C	E_{AS}	24	36	mJ
V_{DS} Spike	V_{SPIKE}	36	-36	V
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	12.5	20	W
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		5	8	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	3.5	4.1	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		2.2	2.6	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150		°C

Thermal Characteristics	Symbol	Typ Q1	Typ Q2	Max Q1	Max Q2	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$t \leq 10\text{s}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	25	20	35	30	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}	Steady-State		50	48	70	65	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	7	5	10	6	°C/W

Q1 Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$\text{ID}=250\mu\text{A}, \text{VGS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$		1		μA
			$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=\pm20\text{V}$			100	nA
$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	1.9	2.5	V
$\text{R}_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=12\text{A}$		11	14	$\text{m}\Omega$
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		16	20
		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=10\text{A}$			14	18
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=12\text{A}$			43	S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$\text{I}_{\text{S}}=1\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
I_{S}	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				10	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$		760		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			125		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			70		pF
R_{g}	Gate resistance	$\text{f}=1\text{MHz}$	0.8	1.6	2.4	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$\text{Q}_{\text{g}}(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=12\text{A}$		14	20	nC
$\text{Q}_{\text{g}}(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			6.6	10	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			2.4		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			3		nC
$t_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{R}_{\text{L}}=1.25\Omega, \text{R}_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.4		ns
t_{r}	Turn-On Rise Time			9		ns
$t_{\text{D}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			17		ns
t_{f}	Turn-Off Fall Time			6		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$\text{I}_{\text{F}}=12\text{A}, \text{di}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$\text{I}_{\text{F}}=12\text{A}, \text{di}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		8		nC

A. The value of R_{QJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{\text{QJA}} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{QJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{QJC} and case to ambient.

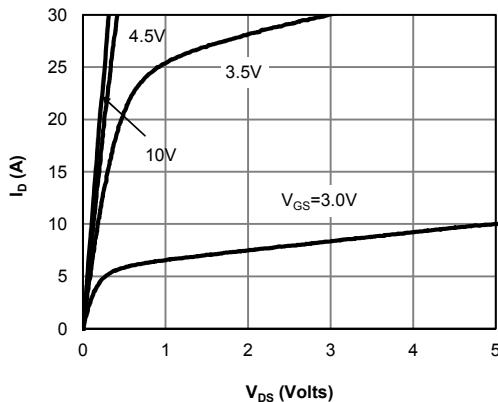
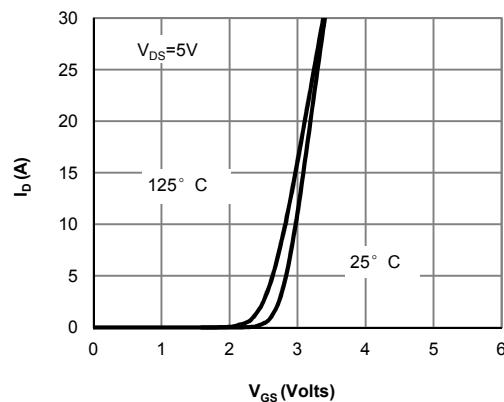
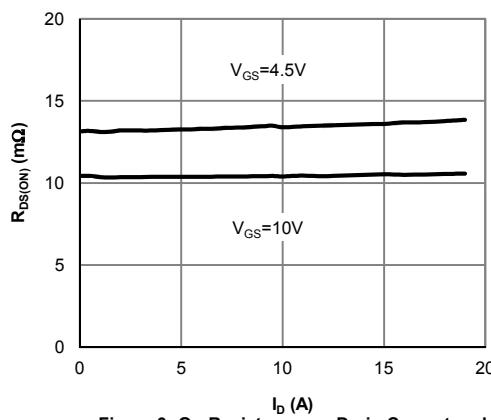
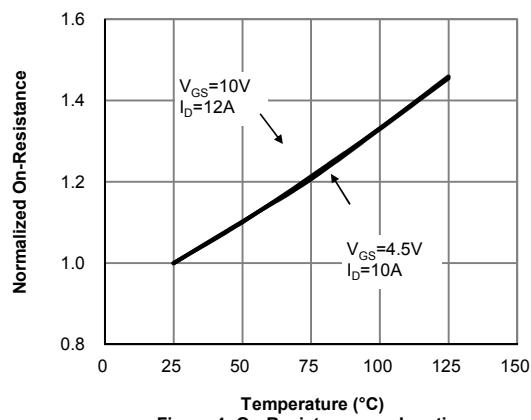
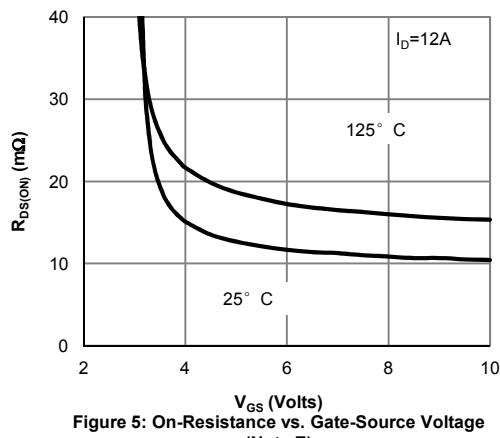
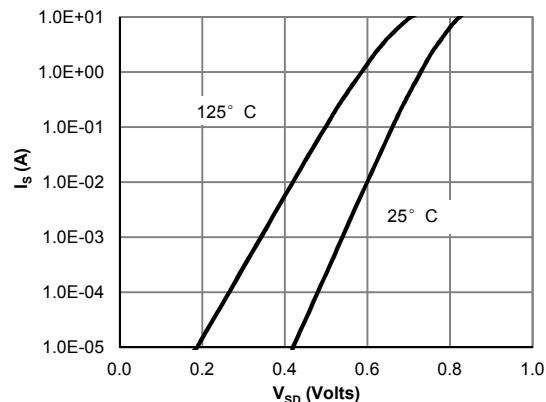
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

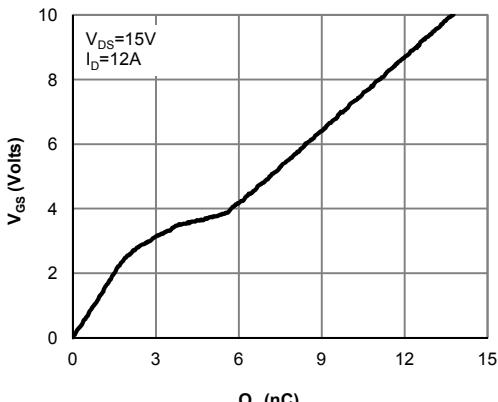
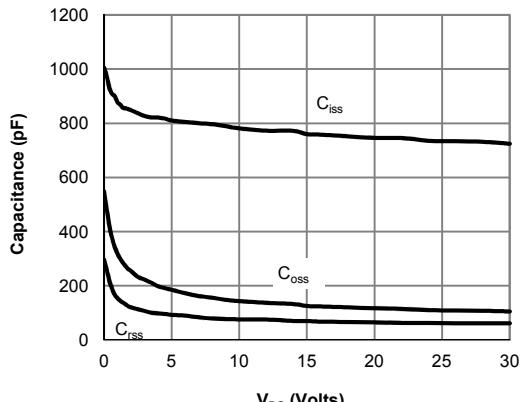
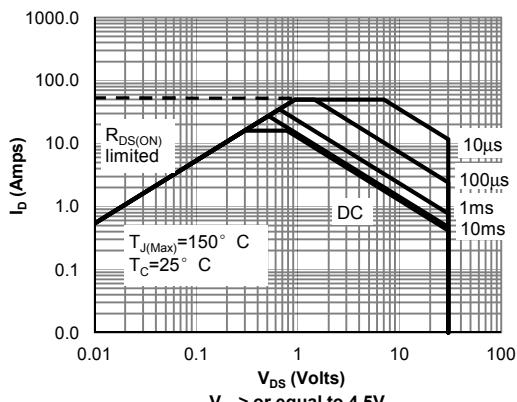
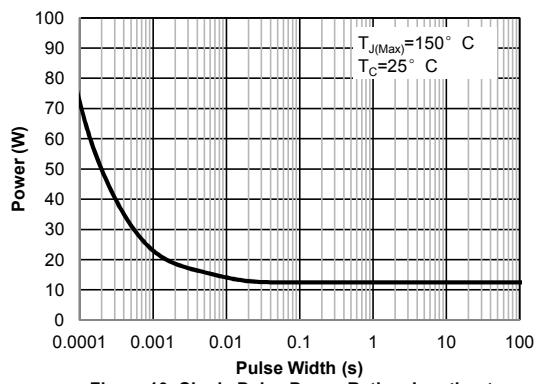
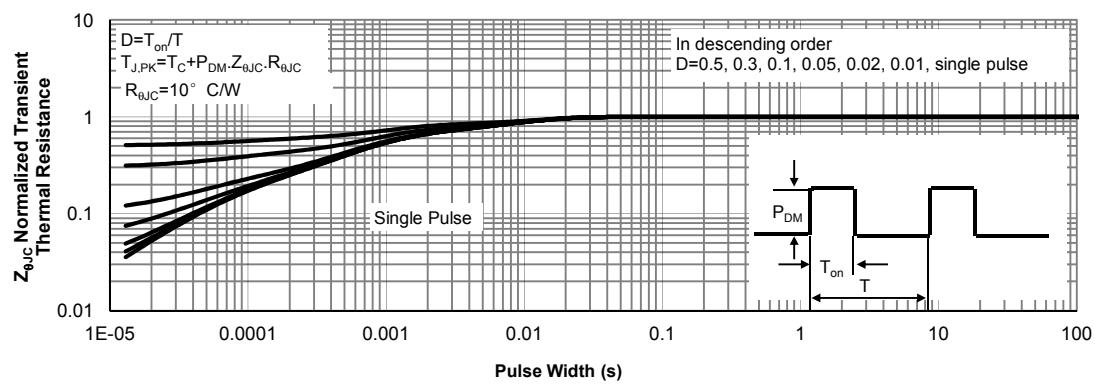
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

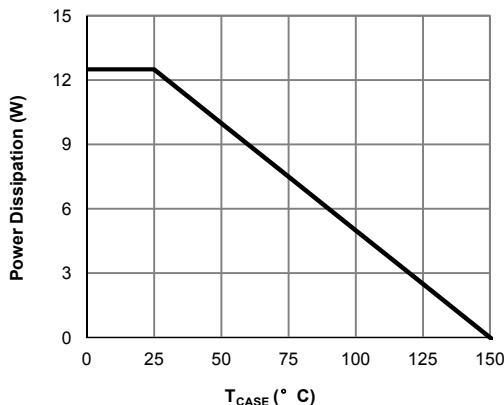
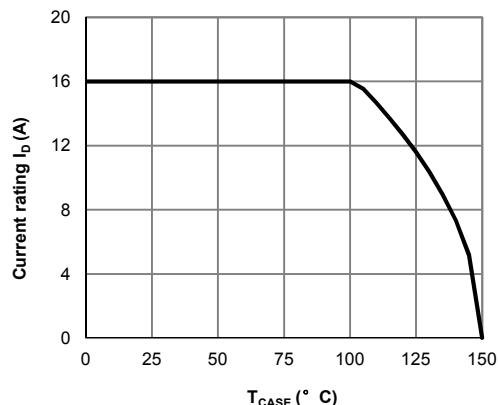
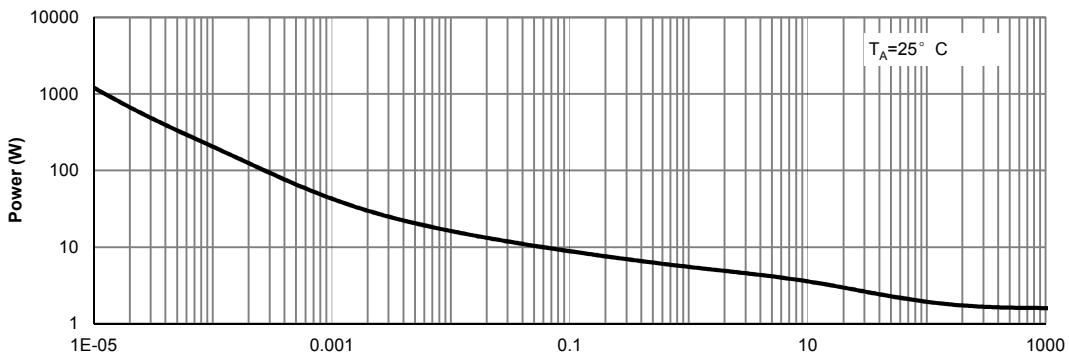
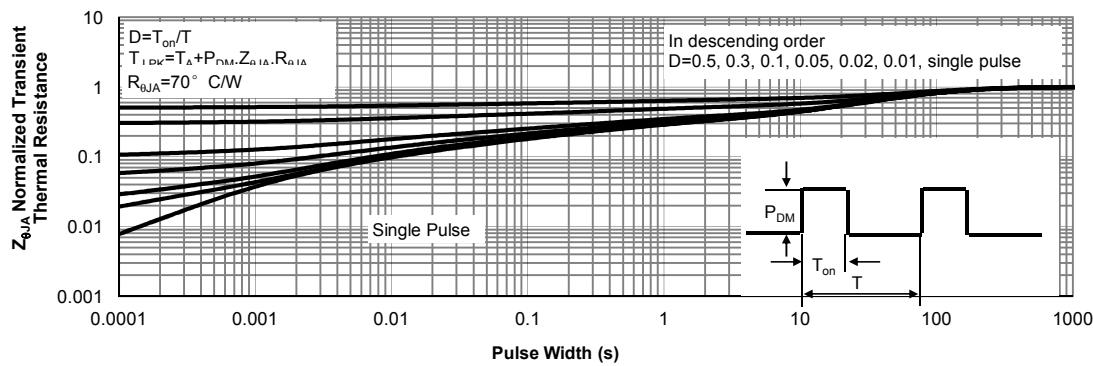
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Q2 Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			-1	μA
			$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			±100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.5	-2.0	-2.5	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $I_D=-9.7\text{A}$		16.5	22	$\text{m}\Omega$
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		24	32
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=-7\text{A}$		26	35	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$, $I_D=-9.7\text{A}$		27		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.75	-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G				-16	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$		1040		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			180		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			125		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	2	4	6	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$, $I_D=-9.7\text{A}$		19	30	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			9.6	15	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			3.6		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			4.6		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$, $R_L=1.5\Omega$, $R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		10		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			5.5		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			26.0		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			9		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-9.7\text{A}$, $dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		11.5		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-9.7\text{A}$, $dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		25		nC

A. The value of $R_{\text{DS(on)}}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation $P_{\text{DS(on)}}$ is based on $R_{\text{DS(on)}} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The $R_{\text{DS(on)}}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{JJC} and case to ambient.

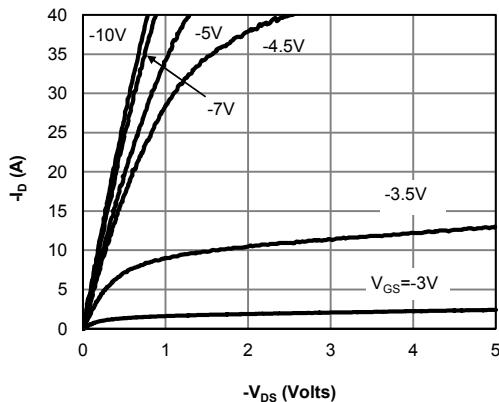
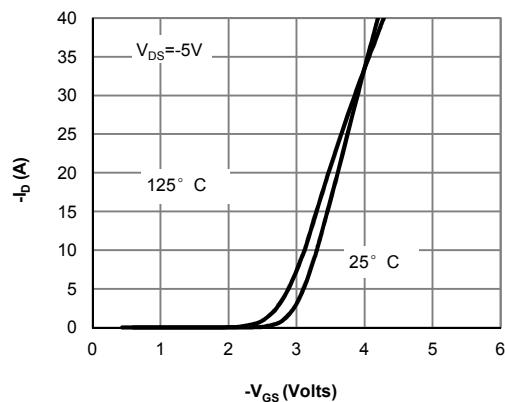
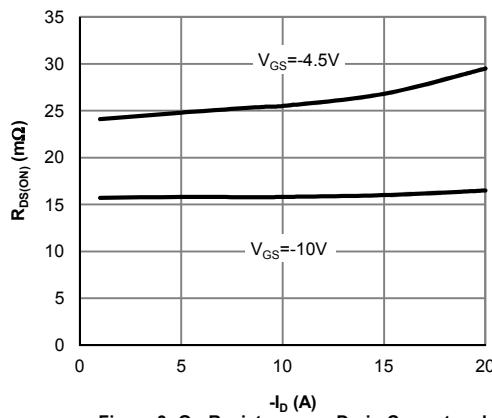
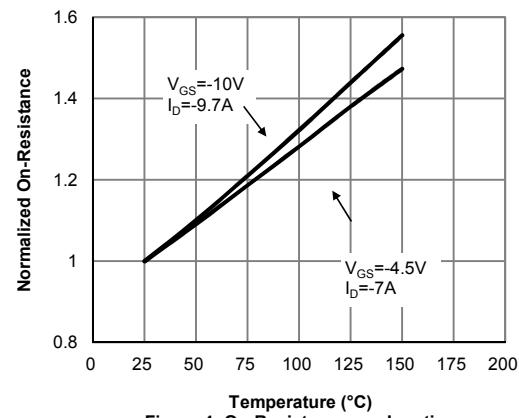
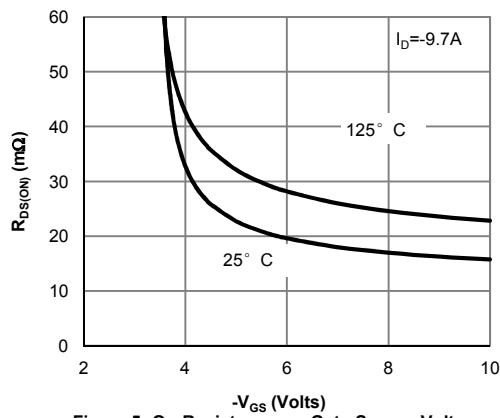
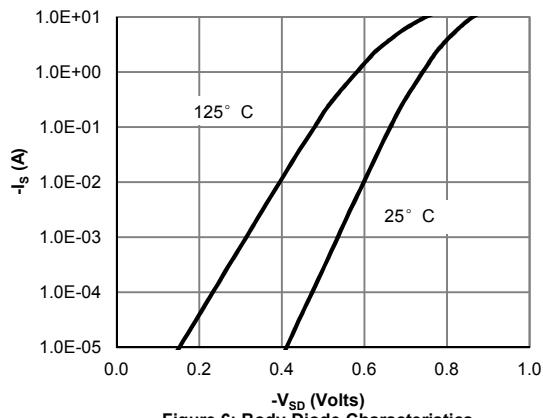
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

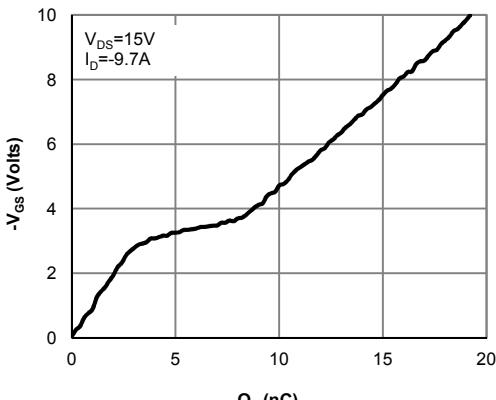
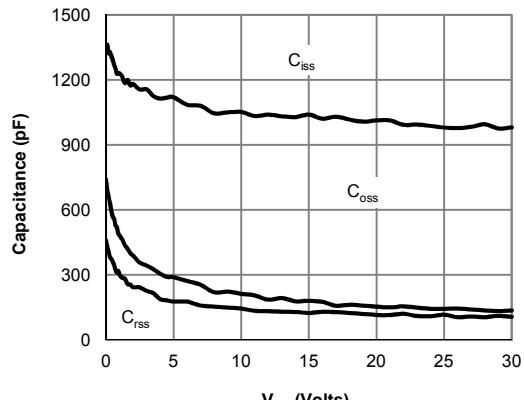
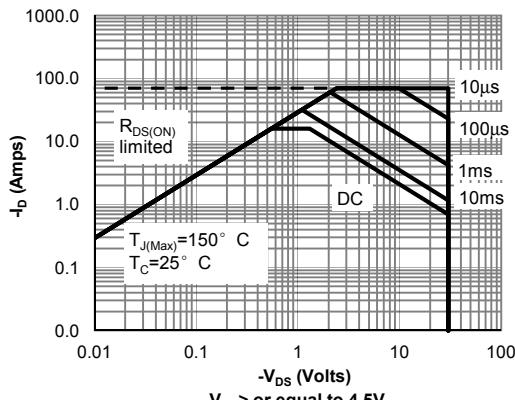
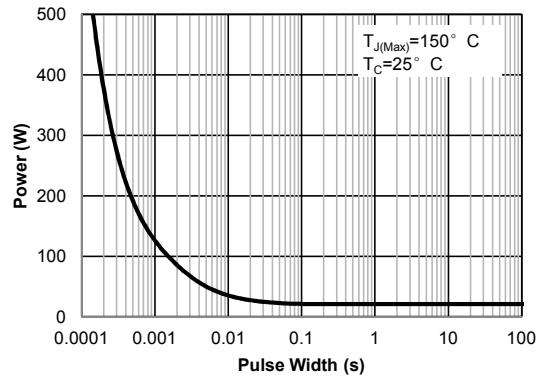
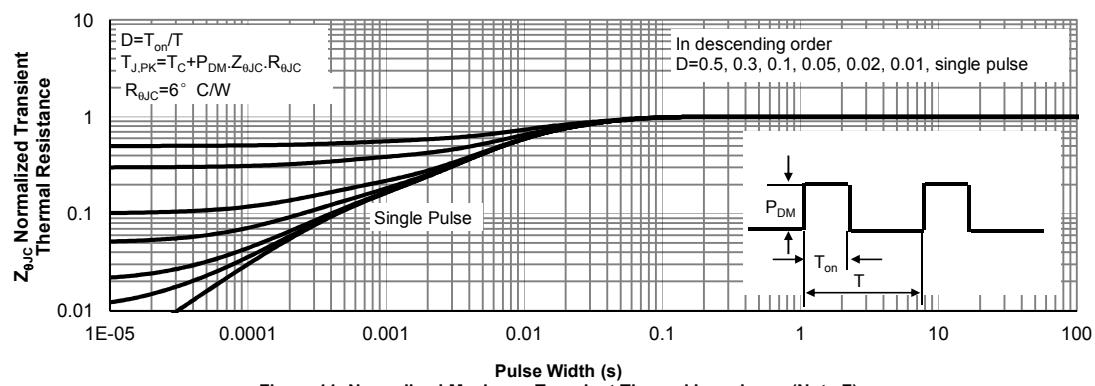
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

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Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

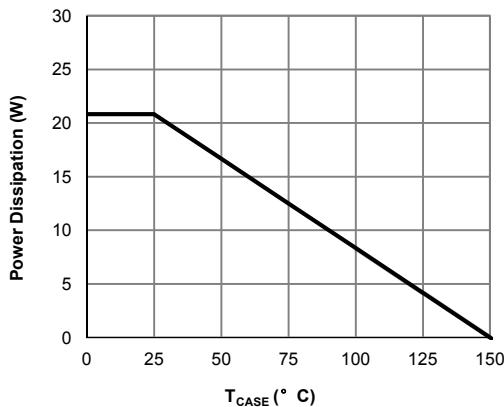
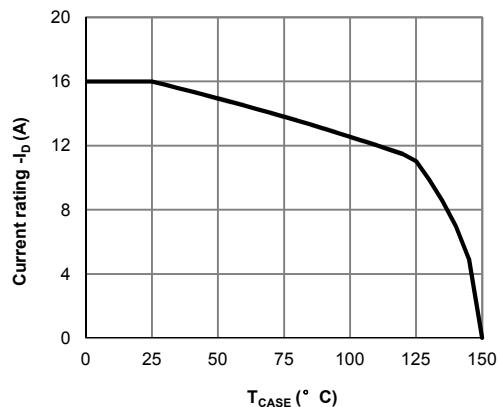
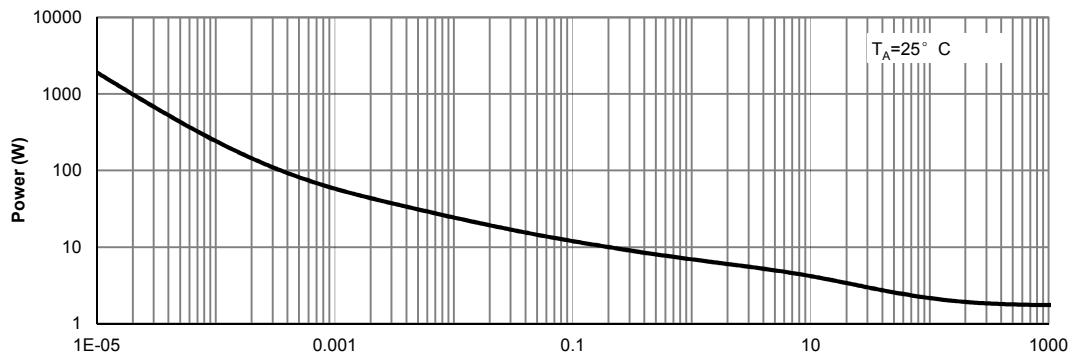
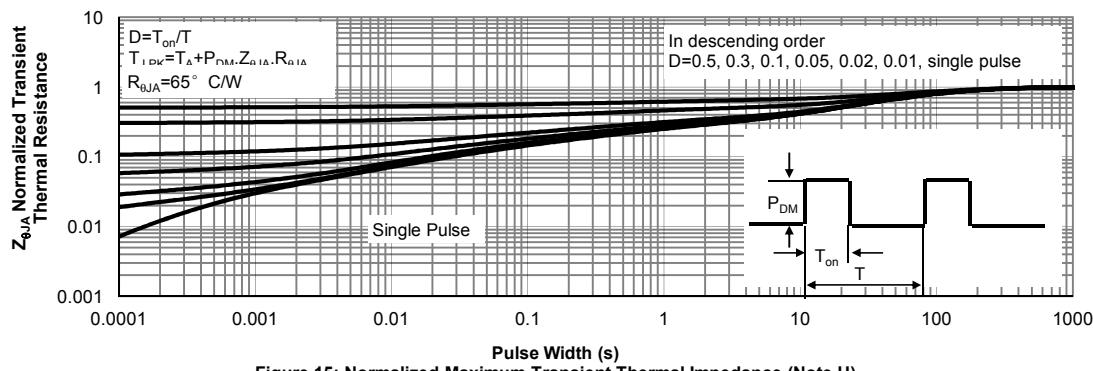
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

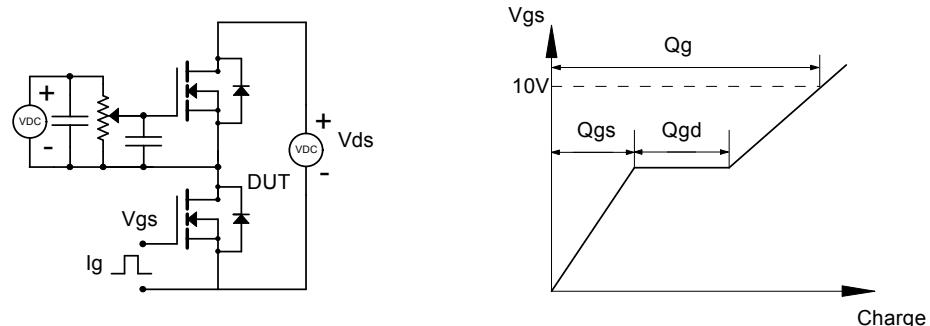


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

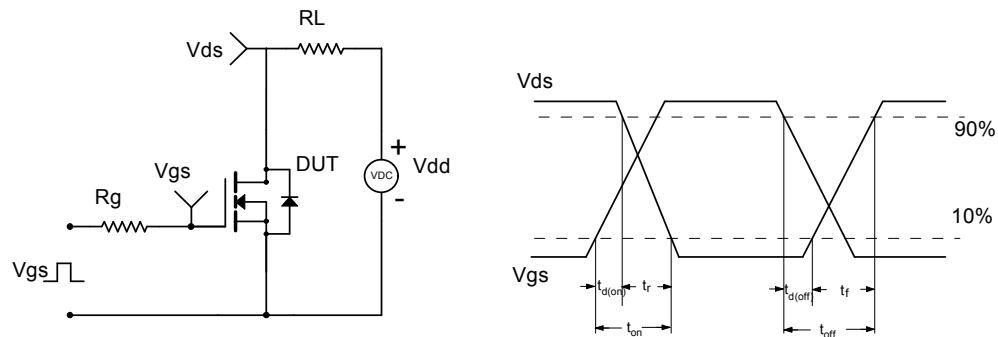


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

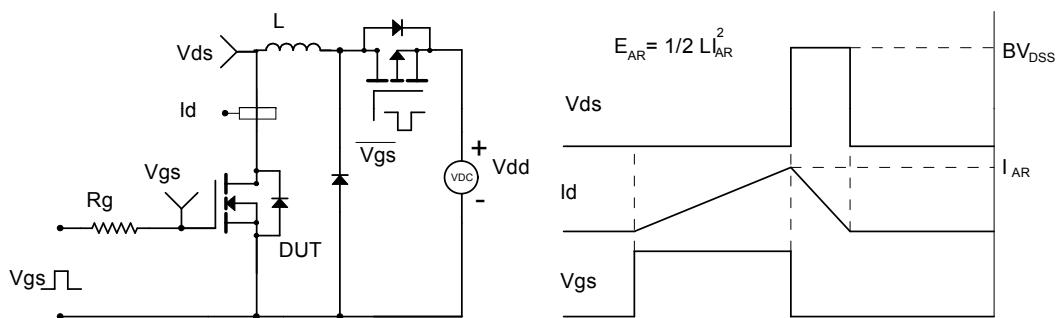
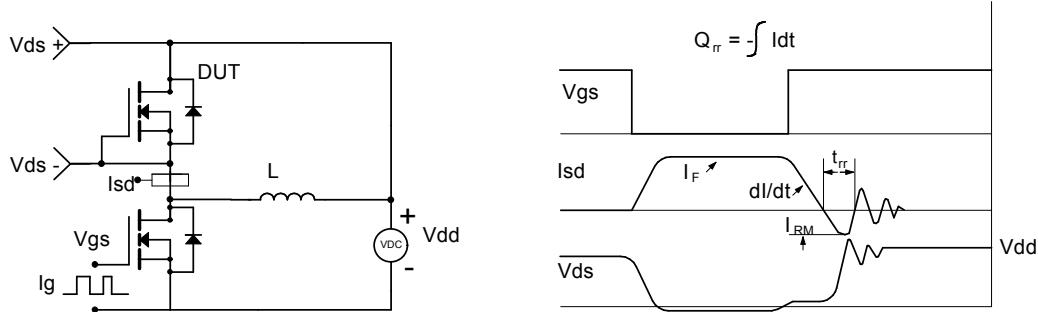
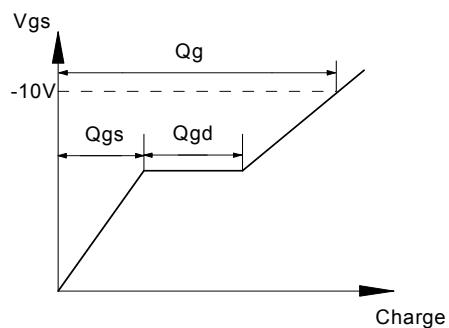
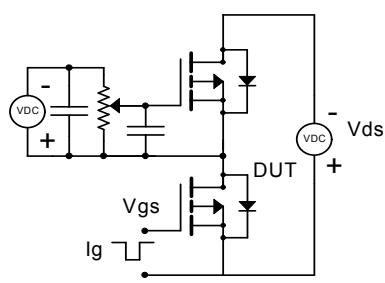
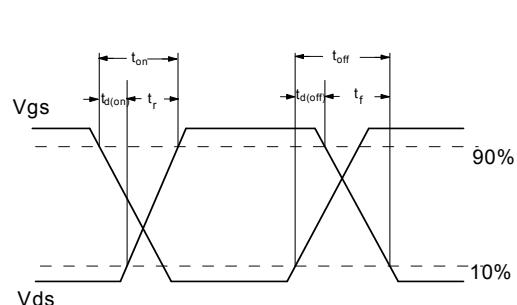
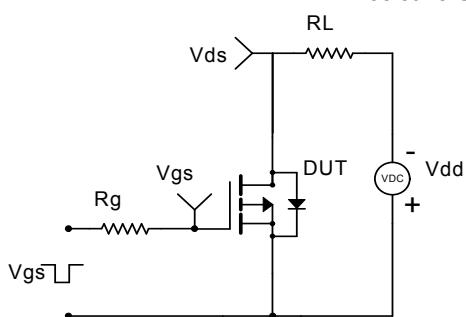
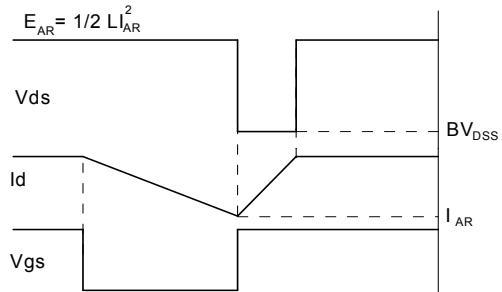
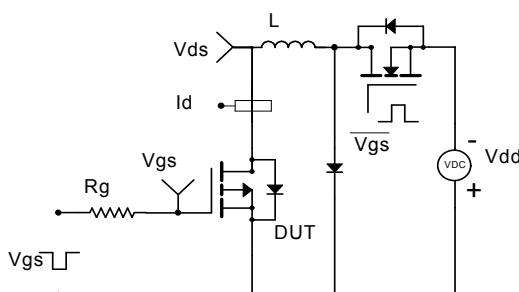


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms



Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
